### Headquarters U.S. Air Force

Integrity - Service - Excellence



### **BRAC 2005**

SAF/IEB

As of: 18 Jun 03



#### Air Force BRAC Results Prior to 2005

- Congress authorized BRAC four times prior to 2005
  - 1988, 1991, 1993, 1995 (39 AF installations affected)
  - Goal save money by reducing infrastructure
- 22 total Air Force bases closed as a result of BRAC
  - Active Duty (77%), Guard (9%) and Reserve (14%)



## **BRAC 95 Highlights**

#### **BRAC 95 had 13 Air Force Actions**

Seven Closures

Bergstrom AFB, TX -- Ontario AGS, CA -- Real Time Digitally Controlled Analyzer Processor (REDCAP), NY-- Roslyn AGS, NY--McClellan AFB, CA -- Reese AFB,TX – O'Hare IAP ARS, IL

Six Realignments

Onizuka AS, CA – Eglin AFB, FL – Malmstrom AFB, MT – Grand Forks AFB, ND – Kelly AFB, TX – Hill AFB, UT

**BRAC 95 Cost and Savings/Cost Avoidance** 

- BRAC 95 costs from 1996 2001 were \$1.8B
- BRAC 95 saving/cost avoidance were \$847M through 2001, with an annual steady state saving/cost avoidance of \$400M



#### **BRAC 2005 Process**

- Public Law 107-107
  - Force structure plan
  - Selection Criteria
- Military value must be primary evaluation factor
- Department of Defense must also consider:
  - Extent and timing of costs and savings
  - Impact of potential environmental remediation costs
  - Impact on existing communities
- Allows "mothballing"
  - Make base inactive
  - Place in caretaker status
- Commission expands by one
- Commission can add installations providing:
  - SECDEF is provided opportunity to justify OSD position
  - 7/9 Commissioners must support



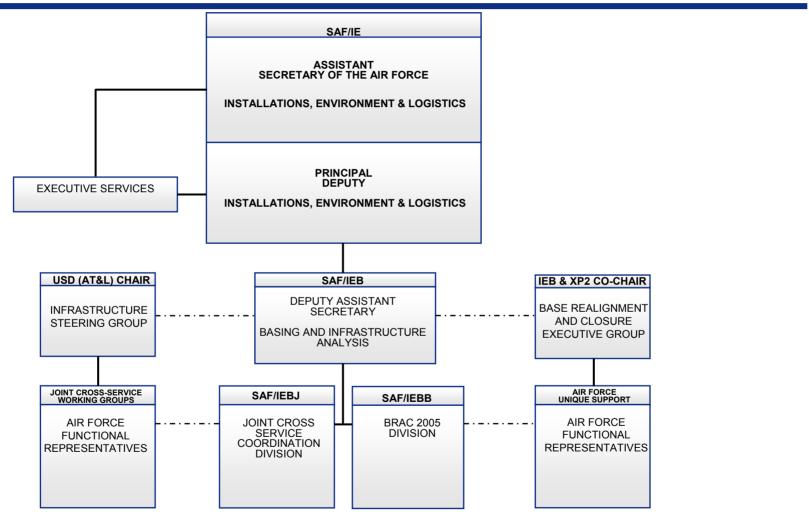
#### Air Force Goals BRAC 2005

- Air Force goals for BRAC 2005
  - Maximize warfighting capability efficiently
  - Transform the Air Force by realigning our infrastructure with future defense strategy
  - Capitalize on opportunities for joint activity
  - Eliminate excess physical capacity to maximize operational capability

Use the BRAC 2005 Process to Shape the Infrastructure to Maximize Operational Capability

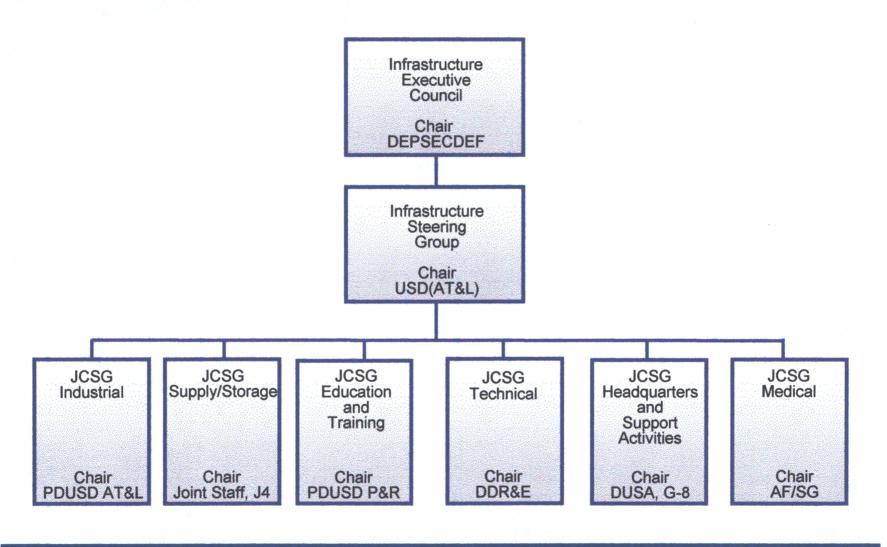


# **SAF/IEB Organization**





# BRAC 2005 Joint Cross-Service Groups (JCSG)





#### **BRAC 2005 Process Timeline**

SecDef Initiates Internal BRAC 2005 Process (Nov 15, 2002)

SecDef Publishes Draft Selection Criteria (No later than Dec 31, 2003)

SecDef Submits BRAC Report, Force Structure Plan, and Certifications to Congress (Feb 2004)

SecDef Publishes Final Selection Criteria (Feb 16, 2004)

**Congressional Deadline for Disapproving Selection Criteria** (Mar 15, 2004)

**Deadline for President to Nominate Commissioners** (Mar 15, 2005)

**SecDef Forwards Recommendations to Commission** (May 16, 2005)

Commission Review Process (May 17, 2005 – Sep 8, 2005)

Presidential Review and Approval (Sep 8-23, 2005)\*

**Congressional Action** (Receipt + 45 Legislative Days)

<sup>\*</sup> President accepts or rejects "all or none" of the recommendations. If rejected, the Commission has until October 20, 2005, to provide the President with revised recommendations, and the President has until November 9, 2005, to forward them to Congress of the BRAC process ends.